

COSC579: Computer Vision

Jeremy Bolton, PhD Assistant Teaching Professor

A very special thanks to those who have contributed to this area of research over the years. Some slides used are from their research and efforts: the following professor and researchers Yung-Yu Chuang, Fredo Durand, Alexei Efros, William Freeman, James Hays, Svetlana Lazebnik, Andrej Karpathy, Fei-Fei Li, Srinivasa Narasimhan, Silvio Savarese, Steve Seitz, Noah Snavely, Richard Szeliski, and Li Zhang.



Outline

- I. Welcome!
- II. Course Overview and Administration
- III. Topics and Goals
- IV. Fun Examples



Welcome!

COSC-579: Computer Vision

Instructor: Jeremy Bolton, Ph.D. Assistant Teaching Professor Department of Computer Science Email: jeremy.bolton@georgetown.edu

Office Hours: Daily hours will be entered on Canvas calendar (or by appointment)

TAs: TBD (see Canvas calendar for office hours)



Course Summary

- **Course Description:** This course provides a comprehensive introduction to computer vision including image acquisition, low-level vision, and high-level vision. Image acquisition topics may include camera geometry, radiometry, illumination, noise, stereopsis, and affine transformations. Low-level vision topics may include, convolution, Fourier Transform, filters, operators, and feature generation. High-level vision topics may include detection, classification, segmentation, spatial relations, spatio-temporal models, object tracking, deformable models, and graph-based models.
- **Required Prerequisites:** Mathematical Statistics and Linear Algebra
- Some existing knowledge of Machine Learning and Image Processing is preferable, but a brief review will be provided.



TEXTS IN COMPUTER SCIENCE

Computer Vision

Algorithms and Applications



Richard Szeliski

🙆 Springer



SIMON J. D. PRINCE

MODELS, LEARNING,

- Szeliski, Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications, Springer, 2010
 - http://szeliski.org/Book/
- Prince, Computer Vision: Models, Learning, and Inference, Cambridge, 2012
 - www.computervisionmodels.com
- Goodfellow, Bengio and Courville, Deep Learning, MIT Press, 2016.
 - http://www.deeplearningbook.org
- Nielsen, Neural Networks and Deep Learning, 2015.
 - <u>http://neuralnetworksanddeeplearning.com/</u>
- Horn, Berthold K.P. Robot Vision. The MIT Press, 1986.

Other References

- Forsyth and Ponce, Computer Vision: A Modern Approach, Prentice Hall, 2011.
- Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer 2006.
- Vapnik, Statistical Learning Theory, Wiley, 2006.
- Duda, Hart, Stork, Pattern Classification, 2nd edition, Wiley, 2000.



Course Website

• Link can also be found on Canvas or my department page.

http://jeremybolton.georgetown.domains/courses/cv/



Exercises and Final Project

• Exercises

- Theory (math and stats) and Application (coding).

- Final Project: Implement Computer Vision Solution
 - Report
 - Presentation



Notes about Coding

- Recommended Languages: Matlab or Python
 - Request approval for use of another language.
- Coding Exercises are an integral part of this course! It is assumed that you have a proficient understanding of a programming language. Students are responsible for learning and/or reviewing, as needed, the programming language chosen.
- Matlab and Python have many packages which perform Computer Vision tasks. Depending on the exercise, you may or may not be permitted to use these built-ins (pre-existing code). Details will be provided in exercise instructions. If you have any questions about a built-in, simply ask.
- Cheating will not be tolerated. Any form of cheating will be reported to the GU honor council. Please read the following guidelines for project submissions:
 - Discussion among students pertaining to project content and general methodology is encouraged; however, students are NOT PERMITTED to share code, copy code, or use code composed by others.
 - A student may be asked to present, demonstrate, or explain a project submission at any time, without notice. At my sole discretion, a student's project grade can be adjusted based on this presentation, demonstration, and/or explanation. If a student does not sufficiently understand or explain their submission, further action may be taken.
 - Due Dates will be posted in Canvas or announced in class.



A Picture is Worth 100 Words



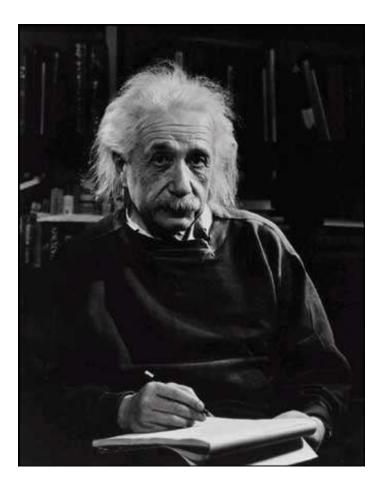


A Picture is Worth 10,000 Words





A Picture is Worth a Million Words



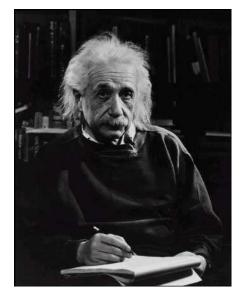


Human Vision

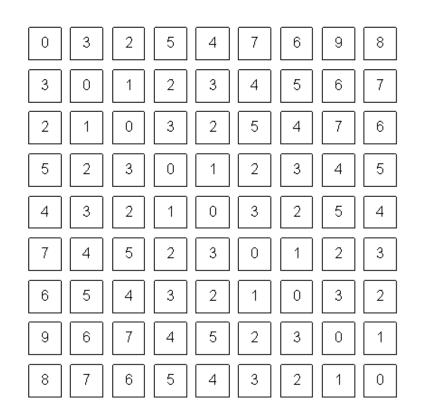
- Can do amazing things like:
 - Recognize people and objects
 - Navigate through obstacles
 - Understand mood in the scene
 - Imagine stories
- But still is not perfect:
 - Suffers from Illusions
 - Ignores many details
 - Ambiguous description of the world
 - Doesn't care about accuracy of world



Computer Vision



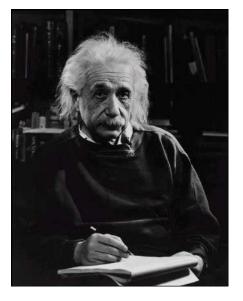
What we see



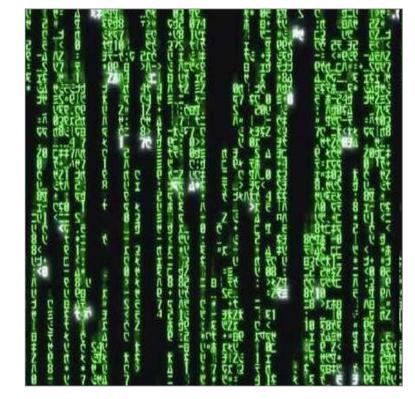
What a computer sees



Computer Vision



What we see



What a computer sees



What is computer vision?

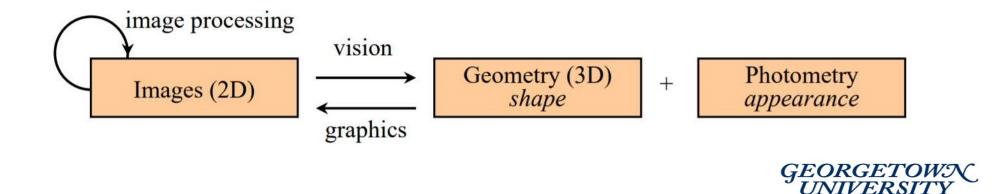


Terminator 2



What is Computer Vision?

- Computer Vision
 - Inverse problem: Hard
 - Image Processing
- Graphics
 - Forward problem

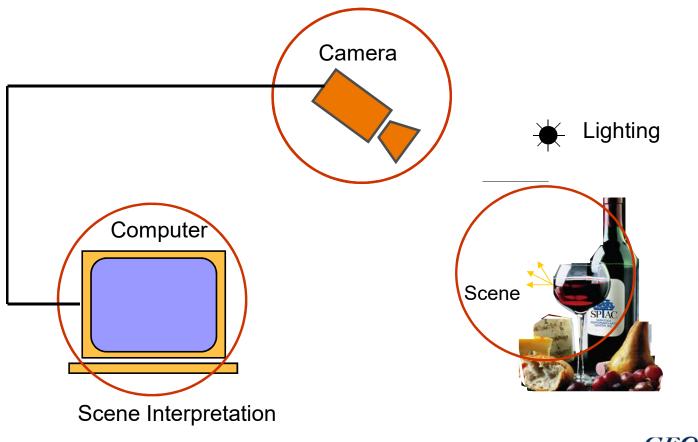


What is Computer Vision?

- Inverse Optics
- Intelligent interpretation of Imagery
- Building a Visual Cortex
- No matter what your definition is...
 - Vision is hard.
 - But is fun...



Components of a Computer Vision System





Every picture tells a story



 Goal of computer vision is to write computer programs that can interpret images



Can computers match (or beat) human vision?

- Yes and no (but mostly no!)
 - humans are much better at "hard" things
 - computers can be better at "easy" things





Human perception has its shortcomings...

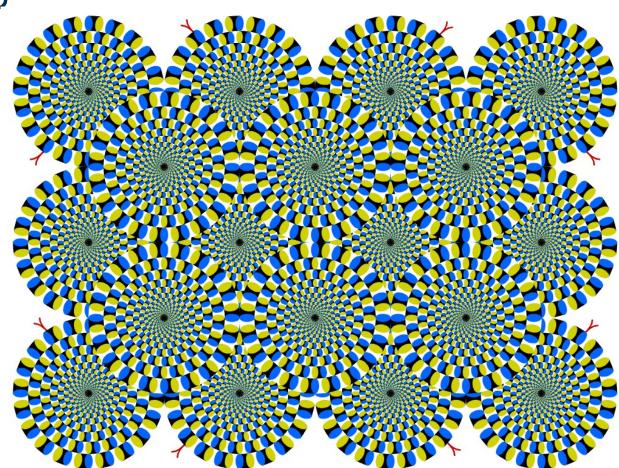


Sinha and Poggio, Nature, 1996



Is this image in motion?

- Look at the image as a whole. Are the wheels in motion?
- Now focus on one wheel in particular.
 Is that one in motion?



Copyright A.Kitaoka 2003



Some Topics in Computer Vision



Optical character recognition (OCR)

Technology to convert scanned docs to text

• If you have a scanner, it probably came with OCR software



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Digit recognition, AT&T labs http://www.research.att.com/~yann/

License plate readers http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Automatic number plate recognition



Face detection



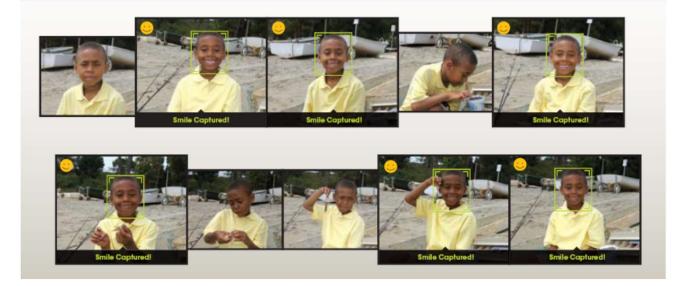
Many new digital cameras now detect faces
 – Canon, Sony, Fuji, …



Smile detection?

The Smile Shutter flow

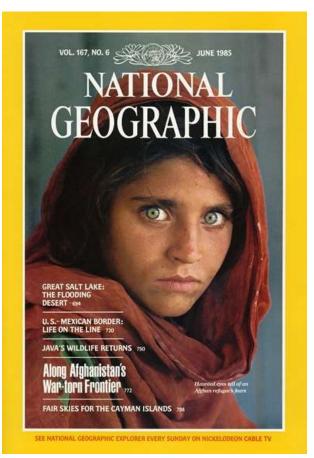
Imagine a camera smart enough to catch every smile! In Smile Shutter Mode, your Cyber-shot® camera can automatically trip the shutter at just the right instant to catch the perfect expression.



Sony Cyber-shot[®] T70 Digital Still Camera



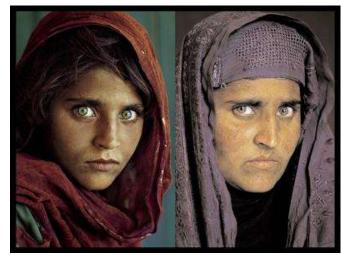
Face recognition



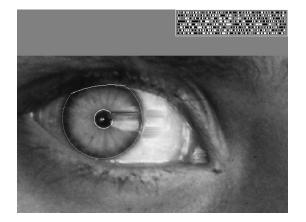
Who is she?



Vision-based biometrics



"How the Afghan Girl was Identified by Her Iris Patterns" Read the story





Login without a password...



Fingerprint scanners on many new laptops, other devices



Face recognition systems now beginning to appear more widely <u>http://www.sensiblevision.com/</u>



Object recognition (in mobile phones)



- This is becoming real:
 - Lincoln Microsoft Research
 - Point & Find, Nokia
 - <u>https://www.google.com/intl/en_us/insidesearch/fe</u> <u>atures/images/searchbyimage.html</u>
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Shape and Morphology: Deformable Models



The Matrix movies, ESC Entertainment, XYZRGB, NRC



Slide content courtesy of Amnon Shashua $Smart\ cars$



- Mobileye
 - Vision systems currently in high-end BMW, GM, Volvo models
 - By 2010: 70% of car manufacturers.
 - Video demo



Vision in space



NASA'S Mars Exploration Rover Spirit captured this westward view from atop a low plateau where Spirit spent the closing months of 2007.

Vision systems (JPL) used for several tasks

- Panorama stitching
- 3D terrain modeling
- Obstacle detection, position tracking
- Obstacle detection, positive of the set of

Delivery Robots: Starship Technologies and more

Computer Vision will transform the delivery industry

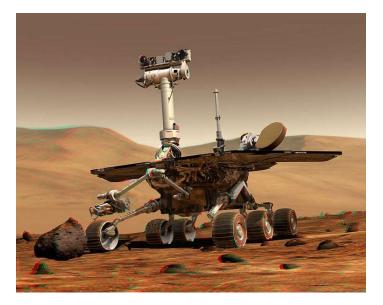






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Robotics



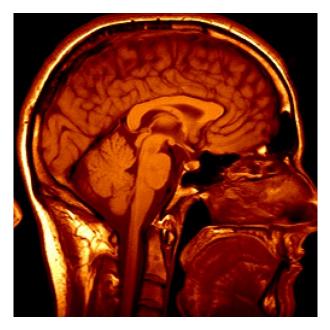
NASA's Mars Spirit Rover http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Spirit_rover



http://www.robocup.org/



Medical imaging



3D imaging MRI, CT

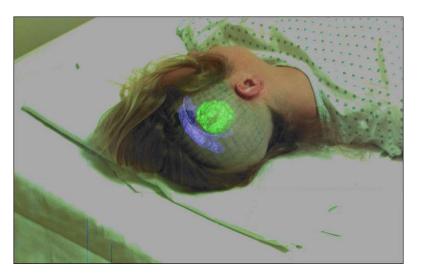


Image guided surgery <u>Grimson et al., MIT</u>



Other Computer Vision Applications

- Some industrial applications of computer vision:
 - automotive monitoring, car counting http://www.mobileye.com/;
 - https://youtu.be/Y3ac5rFMNZ0?t=283
 - Surveillance. Fight, Flight Detection / Target Tracking
 - <u>https://youtu.be/QcCjmWwEUgg</u>
 - https://youtu.be/InqV34BcheM
 - Sports Data: https://www.secondspectrum.com/
 - Morphing:
 - https://youtu.be/pqpS6BN0_7k
 - <u>https://youtu.be/nUDIoN- Hxs</u>



Current state of the art

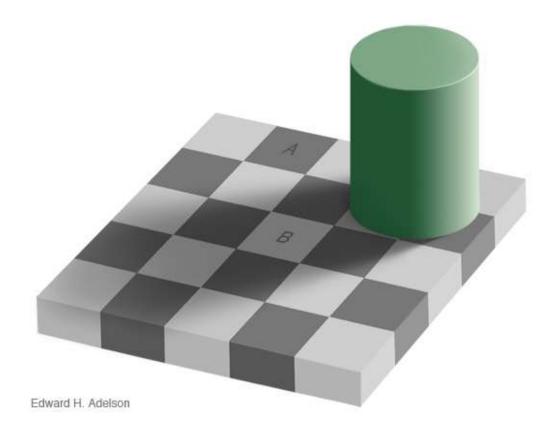
- You just saw examples of current applications.
 - Many of these are less than 5 years old
- This is a very active research area, and rapidly changing
 Many new apps in the next 5 years
- To learn more about vision applications and companies
 - David Lowe maintains an excellent overview of vision companies
 - <u>http://www.cs.ubc.ca/spider/lowe/vision.html</u>



Topics covered

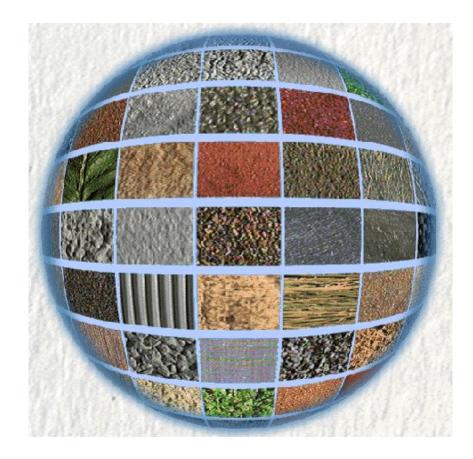


Lightness and Perception



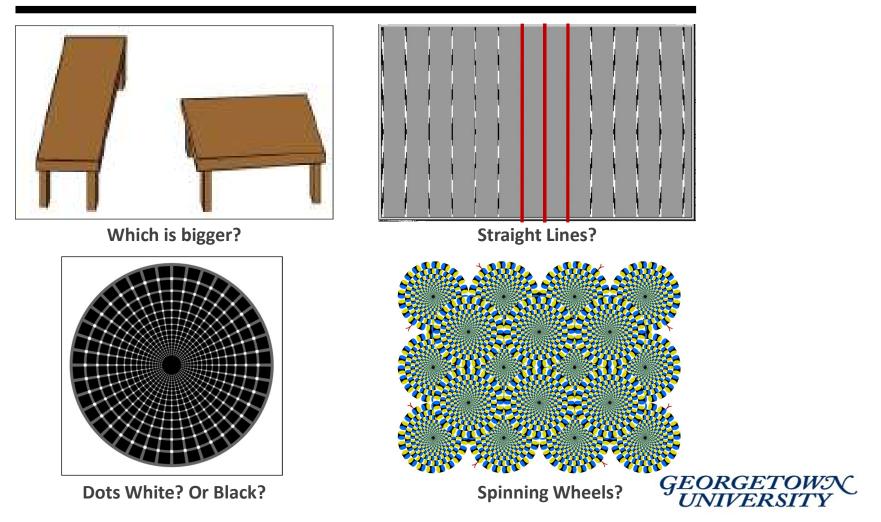


Surface Reflectance





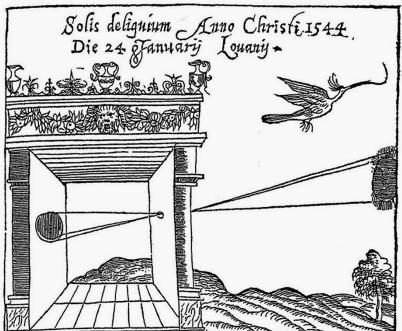
Human Vision: Optical Illusions



Cameras and their Optics



Today's Digital Cameras



The Camera Obscura



Binocular Stereo



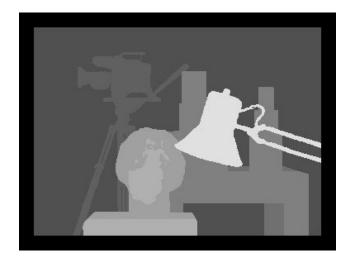
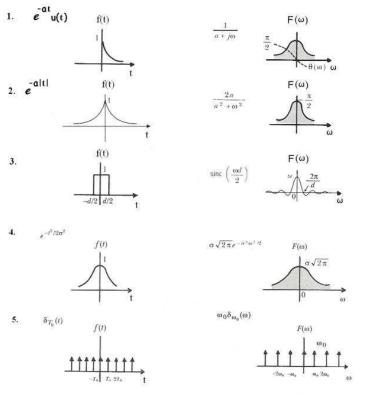




Image Processing



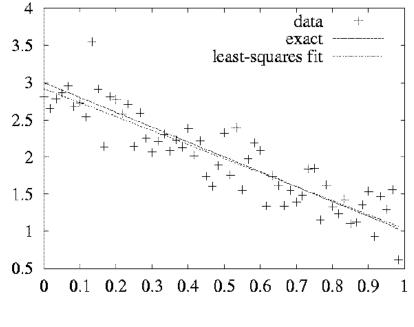
Fourier Transform Sampling, Convolution



Image enhancement Feature detection



Statistical Techniques



Least Squares Fitting



Face detection





Face Recognition



- Principle Components Analysis (PCA)
- Face Recognition

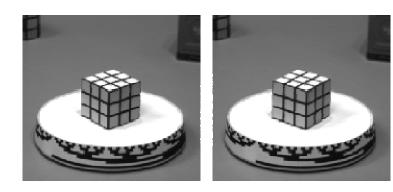


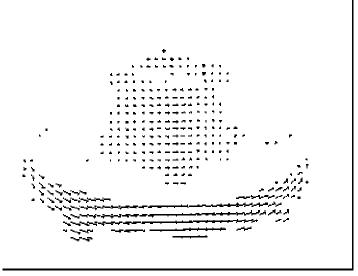
Tracking





Optical Flow







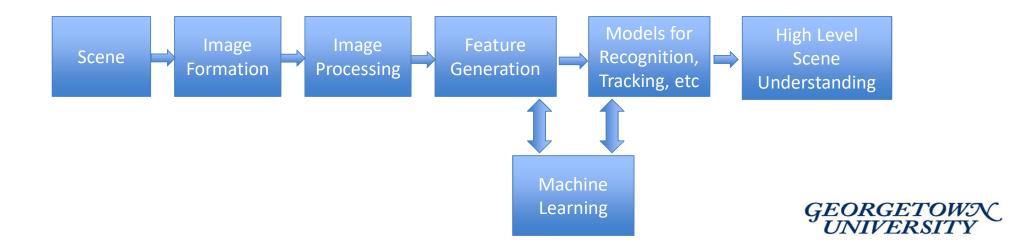
Some Recent Trends in Vision



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Computer Vision ... the journey

- Attaining scene understanding is a long journey
- Our course will largely develop these concepts in their intuitive order



Appendix

